

$$f(x) = \ln x - \frac{e}{x} + x, \quad x > 0$$

d) $f'(x) = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{e}{x^2} + 1 > 0 \Rightarrow f \uparrow, (0, +\infty)$

$$f''(x) = -\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{2e}{x^3} < 0 \rightarrow f \cap, (0, +\infty)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \ln x = -\infty, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \left(-\frac{e}{x}\right) = -\infty \rightarrow$$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = -\infty \Rightarrow$ karakteristika abihiruwu
 m w d g a $x=0$ ($\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = -\infty$)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{f(x)}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left(\frac{\ln x}{x} - \frac{e}{x} + 1\right) = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{1} = 0, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left(-\frac{e}{x}\right) = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (f(x) - x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left(\ln x - \frac{e}{x}\right) = +\infty$$

OX: abihiruwu s w $+\infty$.

b) (i) $f \uparrow \Rightarrow f^{-1} \Rightarrow$ awl b e s i s l o m

$$D_{f^{-1}} = f(A) = \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x), \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x)\right) = (-\infty, +\infty) = \mathbb{R}$$

(ii) $f^{-1}(2e - f(x)) > e$. ne p n a $x \in D_f$ l o m $2e - f(x) \in D_{f^{-1}}$

$x > 0$

$$f\left(f^{-1}(2e - f(x))\right) > f(e) \Leftrightarrow$$

$$2e - f(x) > e \Leftrightarrow$$

$$-f(x) > -e \Leftrightarrow$$

$$f(x) < e \Leftrightarrow f(x) < f(e) \stackrel{f \uparrow}{\Leftrightarrow}$$

$$x < e. \text{ A e } 2$$

$$x \in (0, e)$$

(8) $\ln x - (ex + 1) \cdot \left(\frac{e}{x} - \frac{1}{e}\right) = 2, \quad x > 0$

$$\ln x - e^2 + x - \frac{e}{x} + \frac{1}{e} = 2 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\ln x - \frac{e}{x} + x = e^2 - \frac{1}{e} + 2 \Leftrightarrow f(x) = f(e^2) \Leftrightarrow x = e^2$$

(i) $g(x) = f(x) + f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right), \quad x > 0$

(ii) $g(x) = \ln x - \frac{e}{x} + x - \ln \frac{1}{x} - e \cdot \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x} =$
 $= -e\left(\frac{1}{x} + x\right) + \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right) = \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right) \cdot (1 - e)$

$$x + \frac{1}{x} \geq 2 \Rightarrow (1 - e) \cdot \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right) \leq 2(1 - e)$$

To " $=$ " l a x i g $\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow 2(1 - e)$

A e 2 $g(x) \leq 2(1 - e)$

$$g(x) \leq a \quad \forall x \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} a \geq 2(1 - e) \\ a \geq 1 - e \\ \frac{a}{2} \geq 1 - e \\ \frac{a}{2} + e \geq 1 \end{array} \right\}$$